

ALASKA SENTINEL.

VOL. 3. NO. 37.

WRANGELL, ALASKA, THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1905.

\$2.00 PER YEAR.

Department Store, WRANGELL, ALASKA.

Anything, Everything.

Opposite the New Automobile Barn.
F. W. CARLYON.

U. S. MAIL STEAMER

Clatawa

Carrying Mail, Passengers and Freight, will leave

WRANGELL

For Woodsky and west coast Prince
of Wales Points

Close connection with Steamer "Spray" for Copper Mountain,
Silver and all points on the lower end of the island.

Monday of each week at 6 A. M.

For particulars call on
CYRUS F. ORR Master



Our Local Grist.

Willoughby Clark has opened a law office across the street from the Pioneer.

Dr. S. C. Shurick came over from Shakon on the Clatawa to spend Sunday in Wrangell.

Mr. and Mrs. Hollenbeck came in from the logging camp for a day or two, last week.

Messrs. John Norton and Jesse Crowell are over in the hills hunting for gold and other minerals.

The Wrangell Robe Tannery will tan your furs and hides properly.

E. West & P. H. HART.

Mrs. T. J. Case and daughter Dollie are at home again, after spending two or three weeks down the country.

Ole Johnson and Peter McKay went to Juneau with that force of carpenters to work on the Perseverance mill, camp mill.

United States Marshal James M. Shoup was a passenger up on the last Clatawa City, returning home from Portland.

J. F. Collins wired a number additional buildings and put in lights for the Electric Light Co., during the week. That's business.

John Kelson, of the Pillar Bay Pkg. Co., arrived up on the Topeka, Saturday, and left with the Gertrude Sunday, for Point Ellis.

Capt. John Johnson and wife blew in from Lincoln Rock with the thunder storm last Thursday afternoon and spent a day or two in town.

Mrs. Lone Healy, of Boise, Idaho, sister-in-law of Mr. A. T. Bennett, came up on one of the recent excursion boats and stopped off for a visit.

The survey ship Gedney, Capt. Dickens, came into this port Saturday and remained until Monday. We are always pleased to have the Gedney come and see us.

J. A. Mason came up from the Mason and Collins salmon saltery, Saturday and returned Monday, taking with him Mrs. Mason, Colonel K. Thering, Bronson and Leonard Campbell.

Last week 204 copies of the SENTINEL were sold, 47 were given away and 318 descriptive cards were given to tourists.

The summer is determined that this is the best time to know on the outside.

George Card and Jim Mattson came in from the logging camp last Thursday and returned Friday.

Mr. Card said he had a raft of 100,000 ready for delivery. He reported the blue noses in the best of health.

Ketchikan organized a Chamber of Commerce one evening last week, with 24 members to start with. Good! A town without an organization of this kind is a good deal like a ship at sea without a rudder.

Mrs. John Spickett was a passenger home on the Topeka. He left Mr. S. at the Leominster Sanitarium, Oakville, Napa county, Calif., where he is rapidly recovering his health, which his many friends in Alaska are pleased to learn.

Ernest Specht left for Coronation Island and the fore part of the week. Before leaving town he remarked to a reporter that he is getting tired of people breaking into his cabin during his absence, and that the thing must cease.

Mr. Phil T. Meagarden, of Minneapolis, Minn., an attorney, and one of the P. C. & N. Pkg. Co., came up on the Clatawa City, last week to visit the cannery at Tonka. He expressed himself as well pleased with Alaska.

Mr. Frank Dandy intends to open the Cassiar saloon August 1st. His petition for license has been universally signed.

C. P. Cole and Ole Aase are improving the interior of the building. Frank is a dandy, and knows how to run a saloon.

The old and reliable steamship Topeka, Capt. Cann, Master, arrived up Saturday evening on the second trip after her mishap last fall, with a full passenger list and loaded to the guns with freight. She is a good old ship and Capt. Cann makes it pleasant for all who travel on her.

The new gasoline boat Gertrude, built below for the Pillar Bay Packing Co., arrived here Friday noon. She is a trim little craft of 14 tons, 52 feet in length, 11 feet beam and is said to be a fine maker, turning off her 16 knots an hour, which is good for a gasoline boat.

Manager Brown, of the Tonka cannery, and Mr. Meagarden came over from Tonka last Thursday evening on a short business trip. Mr. Brown informed a reporter that the team in the cannery a few issues ago, stating that the Tonka property had been sold to the government, was an error.

Wallace Windell, of Wrangell, who in company with Frank Spalding on a prospecting tour for yellow metal, drifted into Douglas Thursday. Windell is a typo and as soon as discovered by editor Hopp, was put to work for a few days. "Cor. to Record-Miner from Douglas. And he meant 'Scotty' all the while.

The Jefferson on her last trip carries 153 tourists, 100 of whom belong to the medical fraternity, from all parts of the globe. They spent two hours here on their way up, and appeared much interested in the towns and other novelties about town. Drs. D. W. Graham, of Chicago and James Hughes Letcher, of Henderson, Ky., paid the SENTINEL office a friendly visit. As Dr. Graham was from the home of our childhood and is acquainted with men whom we know years ago, it made his visit doubly interesting.

People coming to Wrangell will always receive the most courteous treatment if they show themselves to be gentlemen. But if they play the part of hoodlums as did a fellow of the Gedney and a waiter off the Topeka, Saturday evening, they must expect to pay the penalty of all offenders. Both of these men can bless their lucky stars that they got off as easy as they did, and especially the said marine who should know better than to interfere with an officer in the discharge of his duty. When a sailor transgresses the statutes, he is no better than any other man in the eyes of the law.

Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods, Oiled Clothing

Gum Boots, Groceries,

HARDWARE, ETC.,

All at the Lowest Prices.

All Fresh Fruits in Season.

Headquarters For Camping, Fishing, Prospecting and Mining Outfits.

THE CITY STORE,

DONALD SINCLAIR, Proprietor.

Wrangell, Alaska.



AGENTS FOR

Hercules Powder.

AGENTS FOR

UNION Gas Engine.

St. Michael Trading Co.

Wrangell, Alaska.

ALASKA SENTINEL.

Published every Thursday by

A. V. R. SNYDER
Editor and Proprietor.

Entered November 20, 1902, at Wrangell, Alaska, as second-class matter, under Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Subscription Rates.

One Year—In Advance, \$2.00
Six Months " " " 1.25
Three Months " " " .75

Advertising Rates.

Professional Cards per Month, \$1.00
Display, per inch per month, .50
Locals, per Line, .10

HEID & DAY,
Attorney-at-Law.

Practices in all Courts.

JUNEAU, - - - ALASKA.

DR. WILLIAM HUGHES,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.

Office—Up Stairs in Campbell Building.

WRANGELL, - - - ALASKA.

All calls promptly attended.

DR. S. C. SHURICK,
Physician and Surgeon.

Calls attended, Day or Night.

SHAKAN, - - - ALASKA.

DR. HARRY C. DeVIGNE
GENERAL PRACTICE.

Calls attended day or Night.

Wakenfield Building, Wrangell, Alaska.

Edwad Ludecke,

General Repairer of

Boots and Shoes.

All work left with me will be

Promptly and Satisfactorily Done.

Shop in Cagle building, next door to Sinclair's store.

Wrangell, - - - Alaska.

Estate of Thomas Willson.

Estate of Rufus Sylvester.

Willson & Sylvester ESTATE.

C. E. DAVIDSON, Receiver.

Manufacturers of

Rough and Lumber, Mouldings and Sun Dressed Lumber, Dried Salmon Boxes

Dealers in

Groceries and Provisions, Hardware and Loggers' Supplies, Cement, Lime, Iron Pipe, Fittings, Doors, Windows, Shingles, Etc.

Select Sun-Dried Boat Lumber always on hand, including Spruce, Red Cedar and Yellow Cedar.

Wrangell Fire Peat!

Manufactured by

JORGEN E. BERG.

Burns equally as well as coal, and will be sold cheaper than wood or coal.

Ready for delivery by Sept. 1st.

Jake Johnson has a fine patch of raspberries in the eastern part of town, and he "farmed them out" to Fred Wigg.

Last week when one of the excursion boats was in, a crowd of tourists, passing the patch, observed the berries and one remarked: "Just see the fine berries! I didn't know they grew here." A joker happened to be passing, heard the remark, and said: "Oh, yes; they grow wild here, that way, everywhere. Just help yourselves." Then they stampeded in that patch. They picked the berries, they tramped down the vines, and they ran over Mr. Wigg, who was trying to pick enough berries for supper, and raised Hob in general. Our informant says he's seen wild cattle stampede; but they couldn't hold a candle to those excursionists in Wigg's raspberry patch. For his personal protection (to say nothing of the berries), Fred says he's going to put up a barbed wire fence.

A. F. Knight, a carpenter of Ketchikan, who is interested with Capt. van Hasseloer in the erection of those government buildings at Shakon and Klawack, came upon the Jefferson with his family on their way to Klawack. Owing to the passenger list of the Clatawa being full, the family returned home by the Cottage.

Messrs. Joseph and Nick Mersch, of Everett, Wash., arrived upon the Jefferson, Friday, and at once commenced preparation for the erection of the school house and teachers' residence for the government. The buildings will be erected on the Mission ground next to the Steadman property on Church St., and will improve the looks of things.

Mayor Jensen shipped a number of the products of this vicinity to Portland by the Clatawa City. Among the list was a collection of eleven varieties of fruit, namely, red and yellow rhubarb, strawberries, raspberries, two varieties of strawberries, black, red and white currants, blueberries, gooseberries, and rhubarb. It was a fine collection and will speak well for this section. This fruit was put up by Wm. Cook.

Mr. K. C. Schmidt, of San Francisco, and wife, who have been spending the past six weeks with their friend Harry Swift at Klawack, returned on the Clatawa, Saturday, and will spend several days here before departing for home.

Mr. Schmidt has been giving us hunting and fishing yarns that lay all of our noted local prevaricators in the shade, and with time to put his wits fully in action before reaching home, he will open the eyes of San Franciscans.

Messrs. Joseph and Nick Mersch, of Everett, Wash., arrived upon the Jefferson, Friday, and at once commenced preparation for the erection of the school house and teachers' residence for the government. The buildings will be erected on the Mission ground next to the Steadman property on Church St., and will improve the looks of things.

PROGRAM OF SERVICES

Peoples' Church for the Month of July.

Sunday, July 2—Subject, "The Characters of Hamilton and Jefferson"—a 4th of July sermon.

" " 9—Sermon by Rev. Mr. Jenkins.

" " 16—Service of Song. Address, "Hills and Plains"—a vacation sermon.

" " 23—Subject, "Can Men be Saved?"

" " 30—Subject, "What ought we to Pray for?"

Interpreted service, 10:30; Junior Christian Endeavor, 11:30; Sunday School, 2:30; Christian Endeavor, 4; Evening Service, 7:30.

You are Earnestly Invited to Attend.

H. P. CORSER, Minister.



Alaska's Magazine.

Bright, Crispy, Energetic,

Devoted entirely to Alaska and its

Wonderful Resources. The June number is now in the press, and will soon be ready for distribution.

Just the thing to Send East.

Be sure and order it from your Local News Dealer.

Some of the youths of this place are determined to court danger, despite the friendly advice given them. For instance, just before that son-of-a-bitch blew in last Thursday, Colonel Mason, six or eight years old, put out in a small boat.

The squall struck his boat and forced it in against some debris on the water front, and the boat undoubtedly would have been swamped had not some men heard the boy's cries and gone to his rescue. If some person were delegated to spank these venturesome young rascals, it would be a mighty good thing.

There is no person in the world who people in this country should not have the best of flowers that grow anywhere. Several ladies in town have taken a little pains in this line, and as a result

have their homes prettily beautified. Among the florists of town is Mrs. J. S. Clark, who has among her collection a Paeonia that stands 3 1/2 feet high, and being loaded with blossoms is indeed a thing of beauty.

Sam Cunningham, Carlyon's steady clerk, last week concluded that "all work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," took his wife in a boat, and with a camping outfit and pulled out. They went to Konk's creek, visited Walter Campen's party at Anita Bay, went over to John Mantle's, where Sam says they had a good time along the line, and returned the middle of the week, feeling "shookum."

Mr. R. Rosenthal has been quite ill.

Chamber of Commerce.

When President McCormack called the Wrangell Chamber of Commerce to order, last Thursday evening, and told Secretary Weston to call the roll, there was a splendid attendance of business men of the town.

The minutes of the June meeting were read and approved.

Bill of \$500, \$12.50 for printing 2,500 cards for advertising the town and section and envelopes, was allowed. It was also found that C. P. Cole, \$5.00 for bill of material and building platform for same.

The resolution on Dry Straits submitted by the resolution, which, on motion was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution be forwarded to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Whereas, During these days of rapid transit, the shortest and safest route is the most feasible route; and

Whereas, In the "Dry Straits" route we recognize the saving of many miles travel in making the round trip from Seattle to Juneau, Skagway, Sitka and other points to the westward by the Inside Passage; and

Whereas, We believe that the dredging of the Dry Straits can be done at a nominal low figure, thereby creating a channel that will be safe at all times, greatly facilitating travel and commerce with a greater degree of safety than in the past and at the present; therefore be it

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Resolved, That copies of this Resolution, signed by the president of this Chamber and attested by the secretary, be forwarded to Senator Pyles and Representative Humphreys, of the State of Alaska, and to the State of Alaska, Juneau, Alaska, July 26, 1905.

Alaska Sentinel.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.
WRANGEL, ALASKA.

This is the first time, too, that Chicago has ever been Dunne.

The most popular S form with the ladies is expressed thus: S.

Probably there will never be a church quarrel over any of Russell Sage's money.

It would be interesting now to hear from Susan B. Anthony whether a man can dress on \$5 a year.

Perhaps the fact that Oyama married a Vassar girl may have something to do with his success as a general.

Dr. Patton says that "language is thought's pottery." Remember this when you hear language that jars on you.

It must have been a truck gardener, sore on the beef trust, who advertised "Eat Beans and Violets and Defy Death."

A Buffalo bishop advises young preachers to beware of women. Can it be possible that he doesn't consider the old preachers worth saving?

A minister, evidently unaware that heaven is a state of happiness, asks "why are there no marriages in heaven?" He does not seem to have good sense.

A Boston clergyman says "Mr. Rockefeller has no ax to grind." The dealers who have been struck by Mr. Rockefeller's ax don't believe it needs grinding.

An Eastern girl found a diamond in a cake of soap. It is safe to say that this will not encourage the petted darlings of the household to turn in and do the family washing.

Considering that he is by birth and bringing up a blonde, it must be admitted that Emperor William is quite successfully playing the part of an African in the woodpile.

General Coxey, the commonweal army man, has failed again. The next time he gets a fortune he ought to quit just to show that he is capable of knowing when he has enough.

The churches that accept donations from John D. Rockefeller have probably convinced themselves that a man who makes money in the way Mr. Rockefeller does ought not to be allowed to keep it.

Dr. Alice B. Stockham wants a department of "human culture" in the President's cabinet. Some of the humans you meet in the course of a day could easily stand a little more culture. Would the department send it out in small packages as the government now distributes seeds?

Professor J. Paul Goode of the University of Chicago thinks this country would be three times as productive as it is if the Rocky Mountains extended east and west instead of north and south. We hope, however, that Professor Goode will let the Rockies stand until he rearranges the gulf stream so that it will flow up through Lake Michigan.

"Adapt, adapt, adept" may be described as the three stages in Japan's industrial career, according to a member of the Japanese House of Peers. First, the people imitate some new thing from foreign sources; next they adjust it to their own peculiar needs; and finally they become so skilled in its use that they reach the stage of origination. This might be called the "o-a-e" order. Many an Occidental has followed it, too.

There is too much noise everywhere, and chiefly because the people who make it don't know any better, partly because they don't care. Door-slaming, stamp up and down stairs with a sound like the hoofs of a colt, singing loudly in the early morn in the various tasks of making one's toilet when others who sleep in the same house are not yet awake, playing on musical instruments after the ordinary bedtime, keeping dogs that bark incessantly or cats that howl, are all offenses against the peace of one's fellows, and those who practice them are either thoughtless or selfish and neither one is to be excused in any grown-up person.

All this "suckers" do not live in the remote and sparsely settled sections of the country. The contrary opinion has here and there been held. Comment on the operations of sharpers has too often represented establishments in cities dealing in fraud as supported by confiding people living at a long distance from the big road. But here we find companies advertising money inducements so great as should have aroused the suspicions of even a mildewed "jay" doing business up in the hundred thousand mark for sections of the country where legitimate business of every kind flourishes and daily newspapers all but grow on trees. So we see that in some things the "jay" and his city brother are much alike. The love of money gotten quickly and with ease is common to both.

The antitoxin for laziness is sure to have a great future. If proof is wanted one has but to consider the magnificent past of "that tired feeling" which

is now to be overcome. The jesters will have their day, but the joke will be on them in the end, for the antitoxin is no day dream of an unripe season, but a genuine product of a German laboratory, at least as well authenticated as other antitoxins have been when they were first announced. The theory on the basis of which the antitoxin was sought was in substance that physical exhaustion is the result of a peculiar form of poisoning. Prolonged strain makes the fires of the body burn rapidly. Among the products of combustion are certain poisonous materials which are left in the tissues. Rest is necessary to give the body a chance to throw them off. Hence if these poisons could be counteracted by an anti-poison the period of necessary rest might perhaps be greatly reduced. To secure the poison, or toxin, Dr. Wolfgang Velchardt of Berlin forced a guinea pig to exert itself till it was in an extreme stage of exhaustion. He then killed it, and secured from its crushed muscles the toxin in the form of yellowish brown scales, which were so unstable that to keep them they had to be put in sealed tubes in liquid air. No such poison could be obtained from normal guinea pigs, and a little of it injected into other pigs killed them within twenty-four hours. The antitoxin was obtained by inoculating horses in the ordinary manner. Many tests were made with the toxin and antitoxin on small animals, and finally on human beings. One of the latter tests showed that a young woman on taking four quarter-grain doses of the anti-toxin was able to lift two kilograms 2,478 meters with the middle finger of her right hand, whereas without the stimulation she could lift the weight only 1,533 meters. If the antitoxin does what is hoped it will not only be of great aid to athletes in their feats of endurance, but will also be of value in treating cases of nervous exhaustion and convalescents from serious sicknesses. For the ordinary "tired feeling" it should be of value as much through the threat of administering it as through its actual use.



Drink Water.—Nowadays people do not drink enough water to thin the blood so that the system can be cleared of its effete matter quickly and promptly. The consequence is that this long-continued retention produces rheumatism and catarrh, and affects the heart. The use of water in a normal quantity keeps the stomach and bowels clean, and really has the effect of an inside bath.

Poisons.—When poison has been accidentally swallowed, no emetic is better than mustard. Mix three teaspoonfuls with a cup of warm water and swallow. At once the stimulative action upon the stomach causes that organ to reject all its contents, the poisonous ingredients with the rest. The emetic of mustard leaves no ill effect behind it, but instead, a feeling of pleasant warmth and stimulus. It is one of the quickest of all emetics and the most harmless.

Hot Water for Insomnia.—Insomnia is often caused by worry upsetting the stomach, for indigestion will inflame the blood vessels of the brain. Recognizing this, doctors are now prescribing hot water internally and externally. Before going to bed the person so afflicted should put his feet in hot water. The object of this is to draw the blood from the head, for when the blood vessels are inflated they press against the skull, the result being fears, apprehensions and wakefulness.

To Rest the Body.—Don't be afraid to open the mouth wide and yawn and stretch whenever you feel like it. Indeed, if you are very tired, but do not feel like yawning, there is nothing that will rest you so quickly as to sit on a straight-back chair, and, lifting the feet from the floor, push them out in front of you as far as possible, stretch the arms, push the head back, open the mouth wide, and make yourself yawn. Those tense nerves will relax, the contracted muscles will stretch, and the whole body will be rested. Do this two or three times when you are tired, and see what it will do for you.

Poet's Praise.—It is not always the critic who pulverizes the poet. At a literary dinner the other day, the New York Tribune says, two minor poets were heard in conversation. "I saw your villanelle in the Blank Magazine," said one. "Did you?" said the other. "Yes, and I heard rather a neat compliment passed on it by a young lady." "What did she say?" "The first minor poet laughed. 'Why,' he replied, 'she wanted to know if I had written it.'"

Eat the Loser.—"In Germany horse meat is a regular article of diet." "What a lot of satisfaction that must be to a man who has just dropped a roll on a sure thing at a horse race!"—Illinois State Journal.



The Hanging of the Kettle.—There are many farmers in need of something convenient to hang a large kettle on. Many support the kettle on three stones, which is unsatisfactory, especially if the heat cracks one stone and the kettle tips over. The accompanying cut is drawn from a photograph I took recently on a neighboring farm, and it comes very near to explaining itself. The device consists of three moderately heavy pieces of wood for legs, which are attached together at the top by a heavy bolt. Some six or eight inches below the union of the three legs a heavy clevis is secured to the middle leg. From this clevis two chains extend downward to proper distance and double backward to fasten on to the ears of the kettle.

Growth of Agriculture.—According to the statistical abstract of the United States, issued from the Department of Commerce and Labor, there were, in 1900, 5,739,657 farms in this country, an increase of 1,175,016 in ten years. There were engaged in agriculture, in 1900, 10,438,219 persons, while in 1890 there were 8,565,926, an increase of 1,872,293. The increase in the total population for the period stated was 13,071,484, so of this increase over 14 per cent must have been engaged in farming.

The value of farms and farm property increased from \$16,082,267,089 in 1890 to \$20,514,001,838 in 1900, a difference of \$4,431,734,749. The value of farm products increased \$1,304,070,752, the value in 1900 being \$3,764,177,202. This does not include value of products not fed to live stock.

The total number of acres in farms in 1900 was 838,591,774, the average number of acres to a farm being 146.2, while in 1890 it was 136.5. The per cent of improved farm land was decreased 8 per cent in the last ten years.

The greatest increase in the number of farms has been in the States of Colorado, Arizona, Idaho, Montana and New Mexico.

In the production of corn and wheat there has been a corresponding increase. In 1890 there were 1,489,970,000 bushels produced and in 1900 2,105,102,516 bushels, while of wheat in 1890 the crop was 399,262,000 bushels and it increased to 522,229,505 bushels in 1900.

Thus it will be seen that whatever the gain in commerce and manufactures the relative gain in farming has held its own. Agriculture, too, has been lifted to a higher plane than formerly. It is no longer said that "anybody can farm." Agriculture is rapidly attaining the dignity of a profession.

Using Free Help.—Frequent reference has been made to the advantages of using the State experiment stations, which land owners in each State help support, hence have an undoubted right to ask their help when needed. The director of one of the State stations told the writer not long ago that he hoped the subject might not be urged too hard, else the stations might be in the same trouble he was with a farmer in his State. This farmer makes it his business to send to the State station a sample of everything he buys for the farm in the way of stock food and fertilizers and has profited greatly by the plan. If he is attracted to a certain stock food, for example, he will buy the smallest purchasable quantity and send a liberal sample to the State experiment station and obtain its opinion as to its worth. He bases further purchases on the report received from the station and by this plan saves many dollars. Do you likewise.

Do not be afraid that you will give the station men too much work. Some of them need more work, while the majority of them will be more than glad to be of use to you, for they will see the beginning of an era of usefulness which has hitherto been denied the stations and solely because the worst enemies of the institutions have been the very people they were intended to help—the farmers. Try the plan the next time you buy grain or mixed feeds for the stock. You will learn much and save more.

As to the Strawberry.—In some cases and with some varieties it will pay to crop the same bed of strawberries two or even three years, although most growers go to the other extreme and take but one crop and do not use the same soil again for berries until the third year. Possibly this is carrying the rotation too far. We plan to set the berry plants after a crop of corn, fruit them two years and then plow under and set to tomatoes, potatoes or beans, sowing crimson clover in midsummer and plowing under the following spring, when the ground is again set to strawberries.

Some of our neighbors go us a year better and sow corn the year following the turning under of the crimson clover, putting the berry plants out the spring following the corn and permitting the ground to lie fallow during the winter. The plan works well, though we dislike the idea of not having the ground covered during the winter. However, as this may be a matter of personal opinion, we have no comment to make beyond the one that we like our plan best and consider it the most profitable one.

Hen on Goose Eggs.—Early in spring give a hen four to six eggs, according to her size. A large Cochon hen can incubate six or seven eggs in a warm nest. Set eggs on the ground if possible and use some straw in the nest.

Preserving the Eggs.—By the water glass method eggs may be preserved, and be in good condition for use several months later, although they will not pass as strictly fresh eggs. The procedure is as follows: Obtain the water glass from the drug-



WOMEN AND FASHION

Break the Engagement.

There are few of us who do not admire and applaud the girl who is constant and true—no matter what the circumstances may be—to the man who wins her heart's affections. We delight to read the stories of poets and romancers, which tell of a girl's constancy—how by remaining true to her "Prince Charming," she helped to overcome all obstacles to their union, and perhaps won back her lover's affections, when he was inclined to desert her for the charms and fascinations of another girl. And should we become acquainted with such a girl in real life we hold up her constancy as an example for all members of her sex to follow.

It may sound rank heresy to say so, but it is the greatest pity in the world that constancy of this character is so extolled. Not that the girl who refuses to be shaken in her allegiance to the man she loves, and ultimately leads him to a happy life by her true-heartedness, is undeserving of admiration and praise. The fault lies in the fact that by holding up such a case as a splendid example to their sex, many girls get exaggerated notions and ideas as to how far constancy should be practiced in love affairs.

The result is that they are very often foolishly constant. They do not temper their love with common sense. The reader may smile, and say that love is blind and ousts common sense from the average girl's mind. But in many cases this is only because she possesses false, romantic and sentimental ideas as to what a girl's duty is to the man she loves.

Many a girl has ruined her life's happiness by remaining true to a man quite unworthy of her affections, through a mistaken sense of duty. Then, again, there are girls who, having betrothed themselves to a man, persist in marrying him, although they are fully aware that, to a certain extent, their affections have been alienated from him by another man. Such an act cannot possibly be regarded as constancy, although some girls may think it is the embodiment of that virtue. Rather is it the duty of the girl under such circumstances to break her promise and pledge.

An honorable girl must see that to keep a promise to marry a man after the love that sanctioned the pledge has partly or wholly gone, is to commit a grievous and irreparable sin. Better a thousand times a broken promise than two ruined and broken lives.—Home Monthly.

Dashing Bit of Millinery.



There is a chic and a dash to this charming hat in a coarse straw of a faint blue shade. The crown sets comfortably to the head, with a deep bandeau to lift the left side, where the brim takes a jaunty curve. The crown is encircled with a soft drapery of India mouseline in a creamy white. The bunch of violets is set into a rosette of violet and the plumes that drape the dashing upturned right side are in pale blue, shaded to lilac at the tip. It heads the list of "swell hats."

Little Women Hate Hugely.—That the dainty little Japanese women are capable of cherishing a deep hatred is shown by their attitude toward Russians.

From the Empress down to the wife of a coolie, it is said, they are united against the government and the individuals of the Russian nation. T. Funabashi, a student at the Boston University Theological school, in a recent lecture on "The Patriotism of Japanese Women," declared that "men are inclined to put all the blame on the Russian government, and to give a charitable construction to whatever is done by an individual Russian subject. But the women remember all the atrocities committed by the Russians on the defenseless and weak Asiatics for the last ten years."

Work-a-Day Clothes.—For business women nothing is smarter than dainty blouses of white China silk. These wash better than

blouses made of ordinary wash fabrics and always look pretty and fresh. The color goes with anything else, and the fact that they have constantly to be laundered prevents any gathering of unhealthy microbes; for a business woman must travel on crowded cars and her clothing, more than that of any other woman, should be of a kind that may be frequently and readily cleaned. The popular way in which to make these China silk blouses is with a lot of little tucks or else with four large ones on each side the front and back. Large tucks are smartest when stitched down a fourth of an inch from the edges and great care should be taken in marking tucks on blouses to see that they turn outward instead of inward. In the latter case one is sure to come to grief, for, in some unaccountable manner, blouses immediately wear out or "grin" under or about the armholes when tucks are turned inward.

Gown of China Taffeta.



Gown of China taffeta, pompadour-rose design on white ground. Full skirt bordered with snow-drop lace insertion framed in double frills of plain white taffeta. Same finish on three-quarter length sleeve. Shaped yoke of tuck mousseline de soie surrounded by the lace galon. Draped blouse with front of the lace and jabot pale green; satin liberty girdle.

Beauty and Amiability.

The woman who can control herself under the most trying circumstances is the woman who holds the strongest power over men.

And amiability is not only power, it is mental progression and health and happiness and long life to one's self and to one's friends and family.

The assertion from a woman that she has a bad temper, and is proud of it, has kept more than one worthy man from asking her to share his future as his wife.

No matter how beautiful and brainy and fascinating the bad tempered woman may be, or how lengthy her bank account, her power is infinitesimal compared with that of her amiable sister.

The average man prizes permanent peace and content above the happiness of possessing a beautiful, attractive creature for a wife, and he knows that a bad-tempered woman and peace go not together.

Are You Too Plump?

How to become slender? Let the maiden inclined to embonpoint follow this advice and her form should become as willowy as she could wish: Rise early and take a cold bath, rubbing vigorously afterward with a coarse towel or flesh brush. Take a cupful of water before breakfast. Take one small cup of tea at breakfast, some dry toast, boiled fish or a small cutlet, and a baked apple or a little fruit. At dinner, which should be at midday, take white fish or meat, dry toast or stale bread, vegetables or fruit (either fresh or stewed); for supper, toast, salad, fruit and six ounces of wine or water. Hot water with lemon juice in it is also good for supper. When you have followed all these rules and find yourself fairer and in proportion then you may begin to contemplate smart clothes such as only the slender can wear.

FASHION NOTES.

Two rows of tiny buttons around one scalloped and frilled example. As ever the plain all-over lace parasol is good style for fine occasions.

Japanese silk blouses are thin and cool-looking, and are said to wear well. Long branches of oak leaves half-curled by frost make a lovely trimming for a large hat.

"Pavement gray" is heralded from London as one of the best and newest colors for cloth gowns. Mode, which is a kind of cold cham-

pagne color, promises to be a favorite for spring in all its shades.

Many of the new-old revivals in ribbons would match to a "T" the strings of some very ancient bonnets.

The modes offer an excellent opportunity for using up scraps of lace, velvet, brocade and fancy buttons.

Wonderful effects are attained in the shaded girdles. The prettiest is a soft gray silk, beginning in pale pearl and shading up to deep smoke gray at the top.

The latest and smartest is a stunningly plain sunshade of heavy white linen. It is bordered in broderie Anglaise effect, the embroidery being done on the material. It costs \$10.

Mr. Cleveland on Woman's Clubs.

Grover Cleveland has contributed an article to the May Ladies' Home Journal on "Woman's Mission and Woman's Clubs." The former President looks with little favor upon woman's clubs. His ideal of a good wife is summed up in the homely definition: "A woman who loves her husband and her country with no desire to run either." He does not object to women associating or co-operating in charitable, benevolent and religious work local in activities and purposes. He even seems willing a woman should belong to one or perhaps even two clubs. He fears, however, that if she join one club she will be tempted to join more, and will finally get to neglecting her home. He regards home making and child rearing as the highest missions of woman, and he believes "there are woman's clubs whose objects and intents are not only harmful but harmful in a way that directly menaces the integrity of our homes and the benign disposition of our wifehood and motherhood."

Mr. Cleveland thinks the rapid growth of woman's clubs is partly due to "the widespread and contagious fever for change or rearrangement which seems to leave no phase of our people's life untouched." He regards it as also in some measure a retaliation upon American husbands for surrendering themselves to business and the pursuit of wealth and neglecting their wives. Left to follow their own devices, women have taken up club life as a refuge from loneliness and monotony. He denounces man's neglect of woman as a "dastardly offense," but thinks women who forsake their homes for clubs only make their situation and their children's far worse.—Chicago Tribune.

Girls Should Not

Neglect the usages of polite society when at home.

Go off on trips which are not mentioned to parents.

Show to the men how fond they are of cash and dress.

Indulge in "rough house" play when the boys are present.

Forget that there is a time limit on youth's attractiveness.

Make the home of a friend more congenial than their own.

Make a point of attracting the notice of men in public places.

Lend their aid toward making a brother selfish in his home life.

Fall into the habit of frowning at mother when she speaks to them.

Waist of Irish Linen.



Waist of Irish linen, with Gibson effect over shoulder and gathered in front below a shaped and stitched band, which leaves an oval opening at the neck. Narrow stitched straps of the linen cross the chemisette of broderie anglaise and deep cuffs of the same; finish of small pearl buttons.

Mounted Army Nurses.

India has a staff of mounted army nurses. The Indian government allows these women of the Indian nursing service 30 rupees a month for the upkeep of their horses and free conveyance of their animals to and from active service. The corps of nurses are all women of good social position and have to undergo three years' training in a general hospital before qualifying.

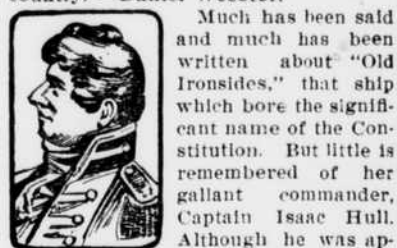
Anyhow, She Says So.

A married woman finds consolation in the knowledge that she has the best husband in the world.

It pays to advertise in this paper.

A Little Lesson In Patriotism

"Let our object be our country, our whole country, and nothing but our country."—Daniel Webster.



CAPT. HULL.

Much has been said and much has been written about "Old Ironsides," that ship which bore the significant name of the Constitution. But little is remembered of her gallant commander, Captain Isaac Hull. Although he was appreciated by his contemporaries, he seems to have been partly forgotten by a later generation. His entire life is so closely associated with the history of the Constitution that the accounts of the battle between the Constitution and the Guerriere is illustrative of his bravery and courage.

The conflict took place between the two boats in 1812 off the Gulf of St. Lawrence. At the call of the life and the drum, every man upon the American vessel sprang to his post. Muskets and pistols were at hand and sand had been scattered over the deck.

The Guerriere had already opened fire, but Captain Hull waited until he was within pistol shot of the enemy. Then he fired a whole broadside. As a British mast fell, the ships came together and the American sailors tried to blind them fast. The two vessels parted, however, and the remaining masts of the Guerriere fell. With great holes torn in her sides, the Guerriere lay, a total wreck, and soon surrendered to the Constitution. The effect of this victory was a new confidence in the American navy, a sentiment invaluable at the time to the success of the war.

COLOR OF EYE A FACTOR

Has Much to Do with the Choice of a Helpmeet.

New theories of unconscious selection on the part of man and wife—like mating with like—as opposed to Darwin's idea that men and women depend upon their perceptive and intellectual faculties in choosing each other, were propounded by Professor Karl Pearson of University College, London, at the royal institution.

He maintained that man has an unconscious tendency to select a wife of his own height, with eyes of his own color, a proportionate span from forehead to forearm corresponding to his own, and a constitution of like physical vigor.

These theories he expounded by means of tables and diagrams. Among every 1,000 men the color of the eyes is divided as follows:

Blue383 Hazel127
Green312 Brown14

The eyes of women are generally darker, only 286 of them in every 1,000 having blue eyes. In these blue-eyed people married at random, the result would be that they would mate at the rate of 104 per 1,000; but he had discovered that the actual number of marriages per 1,000 of blue-eyed persons was 140, or thirty-six above the random average, thus proving that the blue-eyed man and the blue-eyed woman are unconsciously attracted toward one another.

In the same way, men with greenish gray or hazel eyes tend to marry women with eyes of like color.

The average height of a man is given as from sixty-seven to sixty-eight inches and that of a woman as sixty-two and a half inches, and he contended that the average tall man has a tall wife and the short man a short wife.

"One could hardly imagine a man choosing a wife by measuring her from forehead to forehead," said the professor, yet his diagrams demonstrated that as the span of one increased so did that of the other. A like result was produced in the measurement of thousands of forearms, his figures showing that there was a distinct tendency on the part of men with long forearms to marry wives with proportionately long forearms.—London Mail.

Japanese Imitate Uch.

In the organization of their army the Japanese copied the German system, and in the navy the English and American. In their code of laws they imitated La Code Napoleon, and afterward the German principle and method. In finance they copied the American system by adopting our gold, silver, nickel, and copper money, and they went so far as to copy the greenbacks from us. Their first paper money was made and printed in New York in 1870. If you will take up those old Japanese greenbacks you will find them exactly the same as the American, with no difference except in the writing.

Another Railway Navy Head.

The new first lord of the British admiralty, Earl Cawdor, has been a railroad man for over 10 years, so that Mr. Roosevelt's appointment of Paul Morton as Secretary of the Navy gets a sort of British indorsement.

One of a Limited Number.

"What is there remarkable about the woman?"

"Why, she keeps a German boarding house and never married that man Hoch."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.



MISS MILDRED KELLER.

RESTORED TO HEALTH THANKS TO PE-RU-NA

Friends Were Alarmed—
Advised Change of Climate

Miss Mildred Keller, 718 13th street, N. W., Washington, D. C., writes: "I can safely recommend Peruna for catarrh. I had it for years and it would respond to no kind of treatment, or if it did it was only temporary, and on the slightest provocation the trouble would come back."

"I was in such a state that my friends were alarmed about me, and I was advised to leave this climate. Then I tried Peruna, and to my great joy found it helped me from the first dose I took, and a few bottles cured me."

"It built up my constitution, I regained my appetite, and I feel that I am perfectly well and strong."—Miss Mildred Keller.

We have on file many thousand testimonials like the above. We can give our readers only a slight glimpse of the vast array of unsolicited endorsements Dr. Hartman is receiving.

We have a large list of improved and unimproved farm lands in this State that we can sell on small payment; long time on balance. Tell us when you want to locate.

E. C. BYERS & CO.,
327 Arcade Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

MEN AND WOMEN

To learn Barber trade in eight weeks. Hair-dressing, manicuring. Graduates earn \$15 to \$25 weekly.

SEATTLE BARBER COLLEGE,
121 Washington St., SEATTLE.

THE GRAND PRIZE

THE HIGHEST AWARD AT THE ST. LOUIS WORLD'S FAIR

TOWER'S WATERPROOF FOILED CLOTHING SLICKERS, HATS, BOOTS, RUBBER SHOES, POMMEL SLICKERS

TOWER CO. ESTABLISHED 1836
NEW YORK, CHICAGO, SEATTLE
TOWER CANADIAN CO., LIMITED, TORONTO, CAN.

1905 LEWIS & CLARK EXPOSITION

For First Class Hotel and Room Accommodations in PORTLAND during the EXPOSITION apply at once and send your reservation fee of \$2.00, to apply on rent of your room. Rooms in all parts of the city. 50c to \$1.00 per day. RESERVE YOUR ROOMS WITHOUT DELAY AND GET YOUR CHOICE. Write for full information to Department 1.

EXPOSITION ACCOMMODATION BUREAU

The Only Official Bureau of the Lewis & Clark Fair
Goodenough Building, Portland, Oregon

Home Fruit.—The very best of the fruit called manhood can be grown to richest ripeness only in the garden called home.—Rev. M. E. Harlan, Disciple, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Civilizing Forces.—The civilization of the nation is largely the legacy of the Hollander, the Huguenot, the Puritan and the Cavalier, and the three great civilizing forces at present are state, the church and the school.—Rev. J. M. Kling, Methodist, Philadelphia, Pa.

We Trust Doctors

If you are suffering from impure blood, thin blood, debility, nervousness, exhaustion, you should begin at once with Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the Sarsaparilla you have known all your life. Your doctor knows it, too. Ask him about it.

You must look well after the condition of your liver and bowels. Unless there is daily action of the bowels, poisonous products are absorbed, causing headache, biliousness, nausea, dyspepsia, and thus preventing the Sarsaparilla from doing its best work. Ayer's pills are liver pills. Act gently, yet vegetable. The dose is only one pill at bedtime.

Made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also made by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
HAIR VIGOR, AGUE CURE, CHERRY PECTORAL.

RAM'S HORN BLASTS.

Warning Notes Calling the Wicked to Repentance.



PROGRESS is impossible to get along. The home is the heart of the nation. Love never forgets the little things. Rusting is not the same as trusting. Parents are more potent than politics. Don't gauge your faith by your feeling. His servants always have His successor. Heavenly rewards depend on heavenly running. The redness of the apple comes from the white of winter. Irreverence simply hangs out a "To Rent" sign on top of the head. We are often led into permanent peace by the proddings of pain. Christ is not defended by the defiance of every creed but our own. It's dangerous business trying to steal the sugar from the devil's pills. Heaven has no interest in the church that has no interest in humanity. Life is a check signed in blank; what it's worth depends on how you fill it out. Some people live in the shadow because they don't approve of the spots on the sun. The preacher's depression often comes from thinking too much about his impression. When you get to thinking that love is a lottery you are likely to prove it by drawing a blank.

WONDER OF MODERN JAPAN.

Thousand-Mat Hall Erected Out of a Single Camphor Tree.

One of the wonders of Miyajima is an enormous structure called Thousand-Mat Hall, a name which means that 1,000 of the regulation 3x6 foot rice straw mats are required to cover its floor. All rooms in Japan are measured in this way, instead of by feet, so in talking about houses one always says a "6-mat room" or "34-mat room," until one begins to think in divisions of 18 square feet. Thousand-Mat Hall was erected in the sixteenth century out of the wood of a single camphor tree, say the Japanese records, that are always so full of such perfectly wonderful details. If this be so, camphor trees must have grown very large in Japan in the sixteenth century, since the building rests upon a hundred or more piles; each a giant tree trunk in itself, besides which the roof is upheld by at least 50 pillars that were 50 forest monarchs once upon a time. Then there is a floor in the structure made of 18,000 square feet of cedar planks a foot and a half wide and five inches thick, so one must needs believe that its builder outtraced the miracle of the leaves and the fishes if Japan's sober records are to count for anything.

The walls of this ancient hall have doubtless echoed the sounds of many a priestly orgy, since it adjoins a temple and is guarded by a richly wrought 7-story pagoda, enshrining Amida Buddha, but the most glorious thing in its history seems to be the fact that Hideyoshi, "the Napoleon of Japan," used it for a council chamber during his remarkable invasion of Korea. Now it is merely a "show place," standing empty and open and gaunt, overlooking the sea—a roost for sacred pigeons and chattering sparrows.

It was during the China-Japan war that troops first began to be quartered on the island, and several regiments, for want of better barracks, were encamped in this old historical structure. One evening, in half light, half earnest, a soldier named his rice ladle (meshi toru) to one of the pillars, with a prayer that he and his regiment might soon be sent to help conquer (meshi toru, with a different inflection) the Chinese. His comrades followed his example, and since then it has become a custom for every visitor to the hall to buy a rice ladle, and, writing his name and date of his visit upon it, with, of course, "Dai Nippon Banzai!" tuck it up somewhere in the vast building. The effect is better imagined than described, and it is unique beneath the sun.—Leslie's Weekly.

Those Bold Bad Men.

"Men are certainly getting bolder," said the prim looking splinter behind the corset counter in the dry goods store. "It's really shocking the way some men go on now when it comes to buying corsets for their women folk. 'You wouldn't think that a solid business man of this town would assist his wife in buying every pair of corsets she wears, would you? But it's a fact, and if I mentioned the man's name you would know him instantly, for his name is often printed in the newspapers. 'And he is not the only one—husband, I mean. There are plenty of the unattached men who come right along and brazenly stand at the counter, I'd like to insult them if I dared to do it.'—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Woman Wins Painting Prize.

To Mrs. Charlotte B. Coman, the veteran woman landscape painter, now more than 70 years old, has been awarded in New York the Shaw memorial prize of \$300 for the best work of a woman at the exhibition of the Society of American Artists. Her work was "September Morning," a delicately colored, hazy landscape.

BOYHOOD OF ALBERT J. PITKIN.

How New President of American Locomotive Co. Struggled to Study.

Albert J. Pitkin was not apprenticed because of any disinclination on his part to study, but simply because his father, a Presbyterian minister with a charge now in one town and now in another, could not afford to send his boy through college, although he desired to do so. Noting his love for mechanics, he did the next best thing, and apprenticed him to learn the machinist's trade. When he was twelve years old he was sent to live with his grandfather, in Granville, Ohio, who owned and operated a cabinet-manufacturing shop. This the boy haunted; it became his playground. With remarkable cleverness he made, out of wood, machinery that would perform different kinds of work. Once, with a spinning wheel, which he found in an attic, as the principal pulley, and with coarse string for belts, he devised a machine by means of which he sawed wood. Because of his ingenuity there sprang up, between grandfather and grandson, an almost chummy friendship. He gained his characteristic sobriety and serious consideration of things through constant association with his grandfather—who first taught him how to use a chisel and a mallet, how to drive a nail through a narrow piece of wood without cracking it, and how to sandpaper and rub down a cabinet to make ready for varnishing. When he was only fourteen years old he had mastered the constructive details of the portable engine of the shop. He could also run the turning lathe and other machines. One day, while on a visit to Newark, Ohio, he went through a machine shop. He had never before seen metal being manufactured into machinery. The rasping and harsh noises of its cutting were music to his ear. From that time forth the cabinet shop was barren of attraction, and the dreams his grandfather may have entertained of some day taking him into partnership disappeared as quickly as shavings in a furnace. He determined to become a machinist, to learn how to design machinery, and to become eminent as an engineer.

He began as an apprentice at sixty cents a day in the Webster, Camp and Lane Machine Company's shops, chipping castings with hand tools, and ended by assisting in setting up stationary engines in neighboring villages, and, on the expiration of his time, was engaged at two dollars and twenty-five cents a day. For his betterment, after a year, he considered it wise to enter the locomotive repair shops of the Cleveland, Akron & Columbus Railroad. He had always felt the common romantic interest in locomotives, and had delighted to watch their movements. The locomotive then became his study. When he crawled under one to make repairs it was with a student's interest as well as a workman's skill. He familiarized himself with the mechanism of all the existing styles on that railroad.—Success.

A Heavy Fine.

Under the Elkins law any railroad company which pays rebates in any form, or any shipper who accepts them, is liable to a fine of from \$1,000 to \$20,000, upon conviction. It also prohibits the carrying of freight at less than the published tariffs. The interstate commerce commission is empowered to detect and prosecute violators of this statute. President Knapp of the Commission states that since this law was passed, rebate paying has been as rare as forgery.

Breakfast Stew of Beef.

Cut thin slices of cold roast beef, and lay them in a tin saucepan set in a pot of boiling water. Cover them with a gravy made of three tablespoons of melted butter, one of catsup, a teaspoonful of vinegar, a little salt and pepper, a spoonful of currant jelly, a teaspoonful of made mustard, and some warm water. Cover tightly and steam for half an hour, keeping the water in the outer vessel on a hard boil. If the meat is underdone this is particularly nice.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Another grand protest may be expected about the time effort is made to clothe the heathen with garments purchased by Mr. Rockefeller's \$100,000.

ITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free \$10 Trial Bottle and Treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 981 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Dr. Gladden says lawyers should not defend people whom they know to be guilty of wrongdoing. But did a lawyer for the defense ever believe it was possible for anybody to be guilty?

Piso's Cure is a remedy for coughs, colds and consumption. Try it. Price 25 cents, at druggists.

A New York preacher has referred to Russell Sage as a "scalawag." Pahaw! Why not let the poor old man end his days peacefully counting his money?

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honest in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. W. R. & T. W. A. Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. W. A. L. K. & M. Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have PARAGORIC or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and A FEW DROPS TOO MANY will produce the SLEEP FROM WHICH THERE IS NO WAKING. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labelling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: "A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death." The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. CASTORIA DOES NOT CONTAIN NARCOTICS, if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed - 1 lb.
Sassafras - 1 lb.
Rhubarb - 1 lb.
Ginger - 1 lb.
Peppermint - 1 lb.
Cloves - 1 lb.
Cinnamon - 1 lb.
Licorice - 1 lb.
Syrup - 1 lb.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Facsimile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DROPS - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. J. W. Dinwale, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I use your Castoria and advise its use in all families where there are children."

Dr. Alexander E. Mintie, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria and have found it a reliable and pleasant remedy for children."

Dr. J. S. Alexander, of Omaha, Neb., says: "A medicine so valuable and beneficial for children as your Castoria is, deserves the highest praise. I find it in use everywhere."

Dr. J. A. McCallan, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria for children and always got good results. In fact I use Castoria for my own children."

Dr. J. W. Allen, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I heartily endorse your Castoria. I have frequently prescribed it in my medical practice, and have always found it to do all that is claimed for it."

Dr. C. H. Glidden, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "My experience as a practitioner with your Castoria has been highly satisfactory, and I consider it an excellent remedy for the young."

Dr. H. D. Benner, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria as a purgative in the cases of children for years past with the most happy effect, and fully endorse it as a safe remedy."

Dr. J. A. Boardman, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria is a splendid remedy for children, known the world over. I use it in my practice and have no hesitancy in recommending it for the complaints of infants and children."

Dr. J. J. Mackey, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I consider your Castoria an excellent preparation for children, being composed of reliable medicines and pleasant to the taste. A good remedy for all disturbances of the digestive organs."

Dr. Howard James, of New York City, says: "It is with great pleasure that I desire to testify to the medicinal virtue of your Castoria. I have used it with marked benefit in the case of my own daughter, and have obtained excellent results from its administration to other children in my practice."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY ST., NEW YORK CITY.

The Spirit of Courtesy.

A nursery governess, giving her experiences in Everybody's Magazine, tells of two small children, of whom she had the care, who never forgot to be polite.

An amusing feature of our walks, the writes, was Toddie's trouble with his overshoes. They were of a size but of all proportion to his feet, and hampered his movements greatly. He was continually taking headers, but was usually laughing when I picked him up. Then this little gentleman of two would carefully brush the snow from the bottom of my skirt with his red mittens.

Bessie, as well as Toddie, showed the instinctive courtesy of a kind nature. I had impressed on her the propriety of thanking every one who did her a kindness, and she tried always to comply. We had also talked of the various farm animals, and of how much we owed to them. One day at dinner she looked at her egg for some moments without eating it, and then slipped quietly from her chair. "Where are you going?" her mother asked. "I am going to thank Mr. Wooster for laying me dis nice egg," was the answer.

Capt. Tamburini has been implicated in an army plot in Paris. The captain's name indicates that he holds his commission in the Salvation.

A SPECIAL. Flies per dozen, 30c; 30c; Oil Silk Lines, 25 yards, 25c; Embroidered Silk Lines, 25 yards, 50c; Best Castile Single Cut Hook, 25c per dozen; Split Bamboo Rods, 75c.

A. L. HALL, 1111 First Avenue, SEATTLE.

A FARM FOR NOTHING

150 acres marsh bottom and hill land, 14 in cultivation, 6-room house, large barn, chicken houses, sheds, running spring water, 3/4 mile to school and church, 170 bearing fruit trees and small fruits, crops all in. One plow, 1 harrow, 2 cultivators, 1 bone mill, 1 light wagon and all small tools. \$1,400.

MUTUAL REALTY CO.
Pioneer Bldg., Seattle.

EASTERN Washington Wheat
Lands and Irrigated Lands for sale or exchange. What have you for sale or exchange?

O. W. BROWN,
415 Pacific Block, Seattle, Wash.

BASE BALL SUITS
Made to Order
Write us for prices
C. C. FILLSON CO.
1011 First Ave., Seattle, Wash.

An English scientist announces that there ought to be \$2,400,000,000 in gold in the Atlantic Ocean. However, as he doesn't say there is that much, nobody should become excited.

Khaki-Khaki

WE have in stock a fine lot of government Khaki coats and pants which we are selling for \$2.75 a suit. They are just what you want for hunting, mining, fishing, camping, prospecting, ranching and lumbermen.

W. S. Kirk, 1209 1st Ave., SEATTLE.

PATENTS
BARNES & SEATTLE
STARR-BYRD BLOCK
SEND FOR BOOK ON PATENTS



We make Tents and Awnings

Your dealer should handle them. If he does not, write us.

SEATTLE TENT & AWNING CO., Seattle, Wash.

Send for catalogue

Sash and Door Bargains

O. B. WILLIAMS, Price lists free.

My five cross panel doors at \$1.40 per door are known everywhere and your nearest dealer will tell you I can't purchase a No. 1 five cross panel door for the money, from any dealer or manufacturer. He may try to convince you that my doors are not good doors, don't be deceived. I have the largest business in the north west, in my line. I did not build up this great business on fraud or misrepresentation. I send out shoddy materials, it would soon put my name in the bad repute, and make of my customers' lastings enemies. I have customers in all parts of the coast, and many throughout the east—ask them.

MY CUSTOMERS ARE MY BEST ADVERTISEMENT. I do not sell trash, nothing but the BEST in good enough for my customers. Do not be misled, a low price is no bargain, unless you get quality, anybody can sell worthless goods cheap.

THE WORLD'S STANDARD DOOR. Five cross panel doors, stock sizes, standard quality, standard thickness made of clear dry fir, \$1.30 per door.

WINDOWS. glazed with natural gas, silver clear glass, the best glass made, and I have all sizes. Send for price lists on hardware, windows, doors, window glass, window frames, door frames, porch columns, etc. Don't delay, write at once to my salesroom, 1505 3rd Ave., Seattle, Wash.

O. B. WILLIAMS.

SKIN DISEASES SPEAK FOR THE BLOOD

Skin Diseases speak for the blood and tell of the acid-laden, poisonous condition of that vital fluid, and of its effort to throw off and rid the system of the poisons and waste matters that have accumulated in it. Eczema, Tetter, Acne, Salt Rheum, Psoriasis, Boils and diseases of this type are all caused by a weakened and polluted blood circulation, and though they may have lain dormant in the system during the cold weather, at the coming of Spring and Summer, when the blood is reacting and making extra efforts to expel all morbid and poisonous matter, they make their appearance. External remedies cannot cure; they soothe and give temporary relief, but often clog the pores and glands, and the poison causing the trouble is thus shut up in the system to break out afresh later on. S. S. S., a purely vegetable blood remedy, cures all skin diseases by going down into the circulation, driving out all poisons and waste matters, strengthening the blood, leaving the skin soft and smooth, and building up the entire system by its tonic effect. S. S. S. cures Nettle Rash, Poison Oak and all skin diseases that enter the system through the pores and glands, as well as those that

In 1896 I experienced at times patches on the inside of my hands that itched and burned, causing much discomfort. I was convinced I was afflicted with a type of Eczema. I consulted several physicians, and used several external applications, receiving but slight temporary relief. I decided to try S. S. S., and soon I found myself entirely cured. Station A., Kansas City, Mo. W. P. BRUSH.

SSS

have their origin in the blood. Book on Skin Diseases and any advice wished, without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

PISO'S CURE FOR
BILIOUSNESS, COLIC, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, GRAVEL, CALCULI, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BOWELS AND URINARY ORGANS.

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1905.

THE LAST STRAW.

Secretary of war Taft may be a big man; he may be a learned man and he may be a well-meaning man. But when he places Alaska in the category with the Philippines, Porto Rico and Hawaii in his proposition of governing them through a Bureau at Washington, as he stated in a speech at Honolulu, the other day, he does this district a great injustice. It seems a trifle strange that the great men of the United States will insist upon classing Alaska among the "Insular Possessions" of the country. Alaska is not an island. True there are some islands upon its coast; but is no more of an "insular" possession than is the state of Washington on our south. And more than that we do object to being classed in the same line of citizenship as those of the islands secretary Taft mentions. Alaska's citizenship does not consist of semi-barbaric savages whose ideas are not much above those of the animal. It is made up, in the main, of men who have come here as pioneers from different states of the Union, to pave the way for what should be today one of the grandest states in the galaxy; it is made up of men and women who in a point of culture, refinement and general knowledge are the peers of any other section and the superiors of many; it is made up of men who have assisted in the passage of the best laws in many of the states; it is composed of men who can give secretary Taft and others high in authority pointers on good government. And yet this high official would place this section on a plane with Grenada, Bonaire, Honduras and other riff raff who have not lost the idea of liberty and self government as the Alaska Indian. Secretary Taft could have done the country a greater amount of benefit by paying Alaska a visit and seeing conditions as they exist than he is doing by crossing the ocean to tell the people of an island that will prove a curse to the country, that they and Alaskans are to be put under the same dynasty at Washington. This is almost the "last straw."

NEED FIXING.

The Alaskan laws are a harmless conglomeration, and almost daily our courts are running up against some proposition and defect that it should be easy enough to remedy for the good of the people if it had not been for the seeming shortsightedness of the framers of the Alaska laws. Wrangell comes in for her share under the law. It has been presumed all along that the exterior boundary lines in the survey of the town took in all of the mill property, so that all of the license monies arising from that institution would accrue to the town. But Receiver Davidson claims that but a small portion of the property is within the corporate limits, and therefore the government gets the main portion of the license monies arising from that institution. To cure this defect the Town Council took steps some weeks ago to have the boundary lines on the water front extended to deep water, so as to embrace all the license paying property within the town and give the place the benefit of all funds for the maintenance of the schools and general improvement of the town. But after weeks of waiting the town authorities are informed that under the law as it now stands the court is powerless to act in the matter, nor will it be able to do so until after congress meets and amends the law to meet exigencies of this and other matters that may arise, and we are told this needed legislation will be warmly pressed. Surely this amendment is needed in connection with several others, chief among which is the manner of paying license monies by incorporated towns. As the law now provides, all license money is sent to the clerk of the District Court,



WRANGELL, ALASKA.

750 miles from Seattle. Population, 800. Delightful climate both winter and summer. 30,000 per day saw mill; electric lights; 11 stores; fine schools; good churches. The town of totem poles. At the mouth of the Stikine River. Boats leave here for Telegraph Creek; also for West Coast Prince of Wales points.

only to be returned by him to the treasurer of the town from which it is sent. What is the use of this? Why burden the clerk of the district court with the task of receiving, eating for and returning this money, and often working hard upon the people waiting for money which the law says belongs to them, but which, under the present rule must take such a roundabout method to reach its final destination? It seems to us that a proper way of transacting this business would be for all license monies to be paid directly to the town treasurers, who would be empowered by the district clerk to deliver licenses furnished by him; and report his doings to the clerk; or, better still, do as is the custom in free and untrammelled sections of the country, give municipalities the right to run the business within their own borders, so long as they do not trample upon the laws of the general government. The laws need "fixin'" in many particulars, and the sooner the better.

"The town knocker is always an undesirable citizen. One dyspeptic fault-finder can tear down in a day more than a steady, devoted business community can rear in a month. A knocker is a menace to the peace and dignity of a people. He is a thorn in the flesh. He is like a court plaster on a girl's nose—always in sight. And besides, he's the wisest of all the Solomons. He can advise as to the conduct of all lines of business between a feather foundry and the United States postoffice. Verily he hath wisdom, and to spare, but the room occupied by the town knocker is much more desired than his presence."—Exchange. Of course this doesn't apply to Wrangell. The town never had but one of those obnoxious personages and he was transported to a place of universal knockers where things are more congenial for him.

For the life of us we can't see the use of such caustic sarcasm as that spit out by the Fairbanks News—even if it be true. It says: "As for Governor Brady—he is under investigation by federal officers. What the News has had to say about him grows from the belief that he is behind the times, that as Judge day said, he is not the man for the place. Sleepy old Sitka with its totem poles, is representative of him, and he of it. For the good of all Alaska, Alaska should have a live man as its governor, breathing the modern spirit of advancement and development."

For some reason Juneau cannot get counted; that is, Editor Frame says that three hundred too many are on the list, or to be explicit, 297 as he dug up three more—a Jap, a man in jail and another in the hospital with a sore leg. And this all comes about to determine whether or not liquor licenses shall be \$1000 or \$1500.

Dr. C. D. Rogers, whom every old timer in Alaska knew, died at Denver, Colorado, recently. Dr. Rogers was a prominent man, here, having been clerk of the federal court for a number of years, and later practicing his profession in Juneau. He was a delegate to the last democratic national convention from Alaska, and soon after left this coast.

Rev. Kirk is becoming quite prominent at Juneau. Somebody said exactly the same notice regarding him appeared in both daily papers, a few days ago.

"Look out, fellows! It doesn't make any difference how trivial the offense for which you may be arrested, a new regulation compels you to run the gauntlet of the rogues' gallery."

A Montana Indian danced twenty hours, continuously, last week, and dropped dead from exhaustion. If he had been in Alaska where they have pure air, this wouldn't have occurred.

Dr. F. L. Goddard has been appointed by the government marine surgeon for the port of Juneau, and the choice is said to be an excellent one. He was formerly head physician of the Steellacom, Wash., insane asylum.

In Arkansas they still draw the color line. The other day a white girl wanted a negro to elope with her. He went and the next day was lynched and the girl was sent home. The dispatch doesn't state whether the girl was even spanked.

If you expect a town to grow and keep improving, you must calculate to help do the kicking for it and assisting to boost it along. Don't sit back and let the other fellow do all the work in keeping things alive.

Did you read Miss Tarbell's article on John D. Rockefeller? It worries the old sinner to such an extent that he fears assassination to such an extent that he employs a double body guard. Look out for a raise in the price of oil to cover the expense of that extra guard.

'Tis getting about time to change administrations and policies again. The secretary of the treasury has issued instructions to the national banks throughout the country calling in eleven millions of dollars in an effort to reduce the deficit. It begins to look like the dark days of '92-95.

J. F. Connelly. J. M. Lane

Lane & Connelly,
Manufacturers of...

Fine Cigars.

204 and 206 Market St.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

The Twice a Week Republic
OF ST. LOUIS is the
BEST HOME NEWSPAPER.

Throughout the great Western and Southwestern country, the Twice-A-Week Republic is recognized as the BEST HOME NEWSPAPER. Read regularly by more than half a million persons twice every week, and firmly established as a welcome visitor to the homes of its great multitude of subscribers by a reputation founded in the progress of almost an entire century, it is at once the oldest and most complete weekly newspaper published in the vast territory through which it circulates.

The Twice-a-Week Republic contains ALL the news of the world, and is consequently the mirror that reflects the doings of the world at large. The price of this great paper is \$1 per year; but as long evenings are coming on, as an inducement to give our subscribers all the news, cheap, to all who will pay their subscriptions one year in advance we will send the SENTINEL and Twice-a-Week Republic for \$2 per year—the price of the SENTINEL alone. Don't miss this opportunity of getting your reading for the winter.

Ketchikan Journal: The Seattle papers, this week, with big headlines, announced the burning of Metlakahla, when the forest fire at to time was within six miles of the Indian village.

Wrangell Drug Co

Has on Sale
1905 Calendars
At 10c and 15c, worth 50c.

Why not write on the
Best of Paper?
We are selling all Stationery at
HALF PRICE.

A Fine assortment of
Trusses
And Leather Goods

Just arrived.
Call and See Us.
No Trouble to Show Goods.

GO TO
DENNY'S Chop
House

And Get Filled Up!
Open from 6 a. m. to 12 M.
Meals, 35c, and up.

Dr. E. I. GREEN,
DENTIST.

WRANGELL, ALASKA.

Crown and Bridgework
a Specialty.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Office on Front Street.

LARGEST HOTEL IN ALASKA.

Fort Wrangel Hotel

Travelers, Tourists and all others Invited to call. Courteous Treatment
Extended to all Guests of this House.

FRONT STREET. WRANGELL, ALASKA.

J. E. LATHROP.
Electric Lighted Throughout.

HEATED ROOMS.

The Horse Shoe!

J. E. LATHROP & CO. PROPRIETORS
KETCHIKAN, ALASKA.

Headquarters for
Mining Men and Commercial Travelers.

Sample Rooms
In Connection.

SHIP YOUR
RAW FURS

McMILLAN FUR & WOOL CO.

200-212 First Avenue North
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS

GO TO
G. V. CARSON

(Successor to J. G. Grant)

WRANGELL,

For GROCERIES,

Latest Papers

—and—

Leading Periodicals.

Fresh Fruits

VEGETABLES

AND

Confectionery.

Try His CHOICE CANDIES

—and—

FRAGRANT SMOKES.

Orders for COAL
Promptly Filled

Sentinel, \$2.00

New York Kitchen.

F. CHON, Proprietor.
Open from 6:30 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.
and
Coffee and Doughnuts, 15c.
Coffee and Pie 15c.

Best Bread and Pasty
Always on Hand;
DROP IN.

H. D. CAMPBELL,
—Dealer In—

General Hardware,
Stoves: Graniteware,
Tinware, Alven Etc.
ware,

Carpenter Tools Etc

Boat Hardware a Specialty.

Wrangell, Alaska.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS & C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may
quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an
invention is probably patentable. Communications
strictly confidential. \$10000 on Patents
sent free. A best agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive
special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms \$2 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway New York
Branch Office, 27 F St., Washington, D. C.

Services at the Salvation Army
Barracks every Sunday morning at
7:30 and regular evening service
every Sunday.

FREE SAMPLE ROOMS

Fort Wrangel Hotel

Travelers, Tourists and all others Invited to call. Courteous Treatment
Extended to all Guests of this House.

FRONT STREET. WRANGELL, ALASKA.

J. E. LATHROP.
Electric Lighted Throughout.

HEATED ROOMS.

The Horse Shoe!

J. E. LATHROP & CO. PROPRIETORS
KETCHIKAN, ALASKA.

Headquarters for
Mining Men and Commercial Travelers.

Sample Rooms
In Connection.

SHIP YOUR
RAW FURS

McMILLAN FUR & WOOL CO.

200-212 First Avenue North
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

WRITE FOR CIRCULARS

GO TO
G. V. CARSON

(Successor to J. G. Grant)

WRANGELL,

For GROCERIES,

Latest Papers

—and—

Leading Periodicals.

Fresh Fruits

VEGETABLES

AND

Confectionery.

Try His CHOICE CANDIES

—and—

FRAGRANT SMOKES.

Orders for COAL
Promptly Filled

Sentinel, \$2.00

Stikine River Scenery is the
FINEST IN ALASKA!

The Hudson Bay Company's
ELEGANT STEAMER
Mount Royal
—Will make trips throughout the summer between—
Wrangell, Alaska and Telegraph Creek, B C
Affording every luxury known to travel, and will run special trips in
September this year for the accommodation of Big Game Hunters.
For rates apply to G. LOCKERBY, Purser, Wrangell.

Patenau's
Barber Shop and Bath Rooms.

ALSO, A COMPLETE LINE OF
SMOKERS' ARTICLES,
Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes and Barbers' Supplies
FRONT STREET. WRANGELL, ALASKA.
L. C. Patnaude, Prop'r.

Wrangell Meat Market

C. M. Coulter, Proprietor.

WRANGELL, ALASKA

Fresh and Salt Meats, Poultry and Game,

Wholesale and Retail. Shipping Supplied at Lowest Rates.

JUST WEIGHT AND FAIR DEALING shall be my motto.

Rainier
BEER

A trial and you will cer-
tity to its merits on every occa-
sion.

Brewed in Seattle.

Sold Everywhere.

The Pioneer Saloon,

Wrangell, Alaska.

Lynch & Grant, Pros,

Choicest Lines of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Best Treatment to Everybody.

Brewery Sample Rooms,

WRANGELL, ALASKA

Bruno Greif, Proprietor.

First Class House in all Particulars.

U. S SALOON,

M. R. Rosenthal, Proprietor.

WRANGELL, ALASKA.

Choicest of Wines, Liquors, Cigars.

Ranier Beer a Specialty.

Bohemian Beer on Draught and sold by the Pitcher at 25 Cents
Good Billiard Table in Connection.